Being the mother of all North American Chinese New Year parades, the San Francisco parade has been a tradition since just after the Gold Rush in the 1860’s. It is also the only one left that still goes on at night, which lends it a special aura, with lanterns and other illuminations highlighting the red and gold that lines the streets of one of the continent’s most vibrant Chinatowns. The centerpiece of the parade is the 76-metre-long gum lung, or golden dragon, which takes 100 martial artists to animate it along the couple of kilometers. Also expected in the parade this year are elaborate floats, martial arts, stilts walkers, lion dancers, acrobatics, and exploding firecrackers.

**SYDNEY, Australia**

In its 15th year and the largest of its kind outside Asia, Sydney takes its Chinese New Year seriously. This year, the city celebrates the Year of the Rabbit with fabulous events embracing the culture of countries that observe the Lunar Calendar, including China, Korea and Vietnam. The festivities include a launch celebration of outdoor Chinese New Year Market in Belmore Park where traditional crafts and a giant rabbit sculpture made of recycled bottles are displayed. As well as the stunning Twilight Parade and the popular Dragon Boat Races, there’s also contemporary and traditional art, entertainment, food, community events and so much more.

As the world is becoming more global, green and connected, celebrating Chinese New Year has become a unique event in every major city. Don’t miss out on this celebration of extraordinary diversity around the world. Happy Chinese New Year!

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31. **What is the best title for the passage?**

   (A) The Parades in Chinese New Year.
   (B) Chinese New Year: A Global Holiday.
   (C) Worldwide Celebration of Chinese New Year.
   (D) The Importance of Chinese New Year Around the World.

32. **In paragraph 1, what word is “stage” closest in meaning to?**

   (A) Present.
   (B) Dramatize.
   (C) Achieve.
   (D) Platform.

33. **Which of the followings about the Chinese population in Vancouver is true?**

   (A) The growth of the Chinese population is greater in Vancouver.
   (B) The ratio of the Chinese population is greater in Vancouver.
   (C) The number of Chinese children is greater in Vancouver.
   (D) The number of immigrants is greater in Vancouver.

34. **In paragraph 3, what does “it” refer to?**

   (A) North America.
   (B) Chinese New Year.
   (C) San Francisco.
   (D) Parade.

35. **Which of the followings about paragraph 4 is true?**

   (A) The festivities begin with outdoor Chinese New Year Market.
   (B) The celebrations are held solely for the Chinese population.
   (C) Sydney has the biggest Chinese New Year celebration globally.
   (D) The Twilight Parade illuminates the night with lanterns.

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The wolverine, also known as glutton, carcajou, skunk bear, or gulo, is the largest land-dwelling species of the family Mustelidae. It is a stocky and muscular carnivore and has a reputation for ferocity and strength out of proportion to its size. As strange as it is, the wolverine may have finally met its enemy it can’t claw past; the fierce creature is at risk of being defeated by climate change.

Built for the cold, wolverines make their homes primarily in remote reaches of the Northern boreal forests and sub-arctic and alpine tundra of the Northern hemisphere, with the greatest numbers in Alaska, Canada, the Nordic countries of Europe. The carnivores are rarely found in places where temperatures become higher than 22 degrees Celsius. Currently, approximately 15,000 or more wolverines are believed to roam Canada, and an unknown number reside in Alaska. Only a few dozen to a few hundred are believed to live in the contiguous United States, almost all of them in the mountains of Wyoming, Idaho, Montana, and Washington State.

Recently, a study in Environmental Research Letters reveals that the wolverines might become endangered species in the U.S. According to the study, the climate change such as the elimination of springtime snow and the increase of temperature might endanger wolverines in the mainland U.S. Although the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, in response to this study, has announced that the wolverine warrants protection under the Endangered Species Act, the official listing has been delayed because higher priority is given to other endangered species. However, before any protection takes place for the wolverines, they are at risk of becoming endangered.

Presently, using advanced climate simulations, a climate scientist, Synte Peacock, with the National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR) is able to analyze three possible future scenarios, based on low, medium-low, and high greenhouse gas emissions, for the wolverines in the northwest U.S. In the low scenario, the carbon dioxide emissions stay at